Grammar



PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

We use the perfect tense when the actions just happened, when we talk about repeated actions that happened lately, actions of undetermined time and when we use superlative forms and to point out the last time we did something or something was true.

We can use the following expressions of undetermined time: lately, nowadays, in this month, recently, in the last few years, over the last few days, in the last few months during this week, etc.

The auxiliary verb for this tense is "to have" conjugated according to the pronoun that we want to use as a subject.

CONJUGATION:

Normal Form	Contracted Form	Negative Form
I have	I've	I have not
You have	You've	You do not have
He has	He's	He does not have
She has	She's	She does not have
It has	It's	It does not have
We have	We've	We do not have
They have	They've	They do not have

Examples:

I've lost my key. We've eaten in that restaurant three times this week. This is the best movie I've ever seen. She says that she's studied English before. I haven't seen George for a couple of days. We have done a lot of progress in the las few days. He has done that before.

The grammar structure is as follows: SUBJECT + AUXILIARY + VERB IN PAST PARTICIPLE + COMPLEMENT

Examples:

I have lost my wallet. You have seen that man before. He has won the contest. She has moved to the coast. It has rained a lot lately. We have talked too much. You have drunk too many bottles of wine. They have gone to the movies.

Grammar



For the questions the structure changes and we have to use some words that emphasize the questions, the affirmative answers and the negative answers.

They are: ever, yet (for questions only) never, yet (negative answers only) already (affirmative answers only) just (emphasizes the statements)

The grammar structure for the questions is as follows: AUXILIARY + SUBJECT + VERB IN THE PAST PARTICIPLE + COMPLEMENT

Examples: Have you **ever** been to France? Yes, I have **already** been to France. Yes, I've **just** been to France. Yes, I have No, I have not been to France **yet.** No, I have **never** been to France. No, I haven't.

Have you **ever** seen a ghost? Yes, I have. No, I haven't No, I have **never** seen a ghost.

Have you seen that movie **yet**? Yes, I have **already** seen it. Yes, I've **just** seen it. No, I haven't seen that movie **yet.**

Has she **ever** flown by plane? Yes, she has. No, she hasn't. No, she has **neve**r flown by plane.

Has the concert started **yet?** Yes, the concert has **already** started. Yes, it's **just** started. No, it hasn't started **yet.**

Have your parents **ever** had a party for all their friends? Yes, they have. No, they haven't. No, they have **never** had a party for all their friends.

Grammar



Have they finished the report **yet**? Yes, they have **already** finished the report. Yes, they've **just** finished the report. No, they haven't finished the report **yet**. Have you **ever** eaten sushi? Yes, I have. No, I haven't. No, I have never eaten sushi.

We can also use the words **since** and **for**. We use **since** with the starting date. We use **for** with period of time.

Examples:

I have had my car **since** 1992. I have had my car **for** six years. She has studied English **since** January 1st, 1994. She has studied English **for** five years.



.Fill in the blanks with the past participle form of the verbs given in parenthesis. Remember to pay attention to spelling and capitalization. *Examples:* She has ______ (study) a lot lately. She has studied a lot lately.

- 1. I have _____ (watch) this movie several times.
- 2. Mark has never _____(be) to France.
- 3. I haven't _____ (see) my friend Peter for a while.
- 4. He has _____ (make) the same mistake twice.
- 5. They have _____ (stop) coming to our bar.
- 6. It has _____ (been) cold for several days now.
- 7. He has ______ (speak) about these problems many times.
- 8. Have you ever _____ (see) a ghost?
- 9. Where have you _____(be)?
- 10. Have you ever _____ (wait) for so long to be served?
- 11. We haven't _____ (go) to the movies for several months.
- 12. The new rocket has _____ (lift) off.
- 13. Have you ever _____ (do) something really silly?
- 14. Have you ever _____ (get) lost in a big city?
- 15. The game has just _____ (start)
- 16. We have already ______ (study) present perfect tense.
- 17. We haven't _____ (do) anything wrong.
- 18. I haven't _____ (smoke) a cigarette for three months.

19. We have _____ (buy) a computer for our son.

20. She is very lucky, she has _____ (win) the lottery a couple of times.



Quiz B



Use the correct form of the auxiliary verb to make the past perfect tense **have** + **past participle** or **has** + **past participle**

1. My mother A. has lived	in her apartment for a long time. B. have lived	
	to this restaurant several times.	
A. have come	B. has come	
3. My mother	to China many times.	
A. has traveled	B. have traveled	
4. We this movie before		
A. has seen	B. have seen	
	the president of the company for 10 years.	
A. has been	B. have been	
6. My friends	to visit me in New York two times.	
A. has come	B. have come	
7 I.		
	cold for several days.	
A. has been	B. have been	
8. She	a cigarette for six months.	
A. hasn't smoked	B. haven't smoked	
•	engaged for five years.	
A. has been	B. have been	
10. It	to rain already.	
A. has started	B. have started	
i ii iiub blui tod		
11. Sheila	the best dancer award many times.	
11. Sheila A. has won	the best dancer award many times. B. have won	

12. They A. has lived	in California since 1978. B. have lived	
13. We A. has eaten	pizza twice this week! Let's eat something else. B. have eaten	
14. Peter	this novel a couple of times.	
A. has read	B. have read	
15. We	each other for a long time.	
A. hasn't seen	B. haven't seen	
16. It	very difficult for me to move to a new apartment. B. have been	
n. nus seen	D. have been	
17. He	a hard time finding a new job since he got laid off.	
18. I	called my friend for almost a year now.	
A. haven't called	B. hasn't called	
19. You	a little bit too much! You shouldn't drive.	
A. have drunk	B. has drunk	
20. My car	stolen. What do I do now?	
A. have been	B. has been	